Some of the universities and colleges are under the control of religious denominations as follows:—

Anglican or Church of England in Canada:-King's College, Windsor, N.S.; University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville, Quebec; University of Trinity College, Toronto; Wycliffe College, Toronto; and Emmanuel College, Saskatoon.

Roman Catholic Church:—University of St. Francis Xavier's College, Antigonish, N.S.; University of St. Joseph's College, St. Joseph, N.B.; Laval University, Quebec; University of Montreal, Montreal; University of Ottawa; St. Michael's College, Toronto.

Other Denominations:—Knox College, Toronto (Presbyterian); Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B., Victoria University, Toronto, and Wesley College, Winnipeg (Methodist); Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S., McMaster University, Toronto, and Brandon College, Brandon, Manitoba (Baptist).

EDUCATION STATISTICS OF CANADA.

There being at present no effective co-ordination of education statistics it is difficult to construct comparative tables for Canada. In the first place, the year to which the statistics relate differs according to province. Thus the school year ended June 30 is adopted for statistical purposes by New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba and British Columbia; the education year for Nova Scotia ends on July 31; and the calendar year ended December 31 is selected by Prince Edward Island, Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Statistics of Public Schools.—In the tables numbered 1 to 10 an attempt is, however, made to bring together by provinces (1) the number of publicly controlled schools, teachers and pupils, with the average attendance of the pupils; (2) the number of teachers and pupils in normal and model schools for the training of teachers; (3) statistics of secondary schools so far as they are separately given; (4) the amount of receipts and expenditure for public education under the school law of each province and (5) the average annual salaries of teachers by provinces.

In Table 1 the number of schools, teachers and pupils in the three Atlantic provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick) includes both elementary and secondary schools or grades; in Nova Scotia the term "school" has a technical significance, being applied to a class with one teacher, irrespective of the number of classes in a school building. In Quebec and Ontario the statistics in Table 1 apply only to elementary schools; but again in Manitoba and in Alberta no line is drawn between the elementary and secondary Schools. In Manitoba the sex of the pupils is not separately distinguished. Statistics of secondary education are separately available for Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia, and